## BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS AGENDA ITEM SUMMARY

Meeting Date: December 21, 2005  Bulk Item: Yes No _X	Division: <u>Growth Management</u> Department: <u>Planning and Environmental Resources</u> Staff Contact Person: <u>Tim McGarry</u>
352(d), Section 9.5-352(e), Section 9.5-352(i),	ng the Monroe County Code Sections 9.5-4 (D-15.1), (F., (Y-4), Section 9.5-352(b), Section 9.5-352(c), Section 9.5-352(j), Sections 9.5-353(c), 9.5-354(a), 9.5 and clarifying parking provisions and related regulations.
cover issues previously not addressed, and to ame	d Environmental Resources identified a need to amend the rect previous drafting errors, clarify parking requirements and parking provisions to provide for increased flexibility in reparking and loading provisions may not be appropriate.
The proposed parking regulations provide for rebased on the use of golf cart type vehicles, pronumber and size of off-street loading/unloading	eductions in parking requirements in gated communities wide for greater flexibility in shared parking, reduce the ng spaces and provide the planning director with the allowing greater flexibility and ease of development.
	ft and following a public hearing, recommended approval
PREVIOUS RELEVANT BOCC ACTION: N	/A
CONTRACT/AGREEMENT CHANGES: N/A	
STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS: Approval	
FOTAL COST: N/A	BUDGETED: Yes No
COST TO COUNTY: N/A	SOURCE OF FUNDS:
REVENUE PRODUCING: Yes <u>N/A</u> No _ Al	MOUNT PER MONTHYear
APPROVED BY: County Atty X OMB/Purc	hasing Risk Management
DIVISION DIRECTOR APPROVAL:	Chroling A. Ly
OCUMENTATION: Included X	Timothy J. McGarry, AICP Not Required

AGENDA ITEM #\_\_\_\_

DISPOSITION:\_\_\_\_

AMENDMENTS TO MONROE COUNTY CODE SECTIONS 9.5-4 (D-15.1), (F-13.1), (L9.1), (L9.2), (L-9.3), (Y-1), (Y-2), (Y-3), (Y-4), 9.5-352(b), 9.5-352(c), 9.5-352(d), 9.5-352(e), 9.5-352(i), 9.5-352(j), 9.5-353(c), 9.5-354(a), 9.5-354(b), 9.5-354(c) AND 9.5-355

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS MARATHON December 21, 2005

AMENDMENTS TO MONROE COUNTY CODE SECTIONS 9.5-4 (D-15.1), (F-13.1), (L9.1), (L9.2), (L-9.3), (Y-1), (Y-2), (Y-3), (Y-4), 9.5-352(b), 9.5-352(c), 9.5-352(d), 9.5-352(e), 9.5-352(i), 9.5-352(j), 9.5-353(c), 9.5-354(a), 9.5-354(b), 9.5-354(c) AND 9.5-355

STAFF:

Approval

September 6, 2005

DRC:

Approval

September 6, 2005 Resolution # D17-05

PC:

Approval

September 28, 2005 Resolution # P40-05

# DRAFT BOCC ORDINANCE

AN ORDINANCE BY THE MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS CREATING SEC. 9.5-4 (C-23,1), (D-15.1), (F-13.1), (L9.1), (L9.2), (L-9.3), (M-14.1), (O-7.1), (Y-1), (Y-2), (Y-3), AND (Y-4) DEFINITIONS; AMENDING SEC. 9.5-352(b), SEC. 9.5-352(c), SEC. 9.5-352(d), SEC. 9.5-352(e), SEC. 9.5-352(j), SEC. 9.5-352(j) REQUIRED OFF-STREET PARKING; AMENDING SEC. 9.5-353(c) PARKING AGREEMENTS; AMENDING 9.5-354(a) AND SEC. 9.5-354(b), CREATING SEC. 9.5-354(c) REQUIRED NUMBER AND SIZE OF OFF-STREET LOADING SPACES: **AMENDING** SEC. 9.5-355 RESTRICTION ON USE OF PARKING AND LOADING SPACES; MONROE COUNTY CODE; PROVIDING FOR REPEAL OF ALL **ORDINANCES** INCONSISTENT HEREWITH; PROVIDING FOR INCORPORATION IN THE MONROE COUNTY CODE OF ORDINANCES; DIRECTING THE PLANNING AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT TO TRANSMIT A COPY OF THIS ORDINANCE TO THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY AFFAIRS; AND PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS, the Monroe County Department of Planning and Environmental Resources has identified a need to amend the Monroe County Code parking standards, to correct previous drafting errors, clarify parking requirements, cover issues previously not addressed, and to amend parking provisions to provide for increased flexibility in administration to recognize unique situations where parking provisions may not be appropriate; and

WHEREAS, Section 9.5-511, Monroe County Code, delineates the mechanism to amend the Monroe County Code via a "text amendment"; and

WHEREAS, during a regularly scheduled meeting on September 28, 2005, the Planning Commission, after hearing the staff report and hearing comments from the public, recommended approval of proposed amendments creating Sec. 9.5-4 (C-23,1), (D-15.1), (F-13.1), (L9.1), (L9.2), (L-9.3), (M-14.1), (O-7.1), (Y-1), (Y-2), (Y-3), and (Y-4) Definitions; amending Sec. 9.5-352(b), Sec. 9.5-352(c), Sec. 9.5-352(d), Sec. 9.5-352(e), Sec. 9.5-352(i), Sec. 9.5-352(j) Required off-street parking; amending Sec. 9.5-353(c) Parking agreements; amending 9.5-354(a) and Sec. 9.5-354(b), creating Sec. 9.5-353(c)

354(c) Required Number and size of off-street loading spaces; amending Sec. 9.5-355 Restriction on use of parking and loading spaces; and

WHEREAS, the staff made minor revisions to recommended ordinance to improve syntax and clarify text; and

WHEREAS, during a regularly scheduled meeting on December 21, 2005, the Board of County Commissioners were presented with the following information, which by reference is herby incorporated as part of the record of said hearings:

- The staff report prepared by David A. Dacquisto, Director, Island Planning Team dated November 10, 2005;
- 2. Testimony from the public; and

# NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF MONROE COUNTY, FLORIDA THAT:

**Section 1.** The Board specifically adopts the following findings of facts:

- 1. The amendments are needed to correct previous drafting errors, clarify parking requirements, cover issues previously not addressed, and to revise parking provisions to provide for increased flexibility in administration in order to recognize unique situations where parking provisions may not be appropriate; and
- 2. The proposed revisions will correct previous drafting errors, clarify parking requirements, cover issues previously not addressed; and
- 3. The proposed amendments are consistent with Section 9.5-111, Monroe County Code and Monroe County Year 2010 Comprehensive Plan.

**Section 2.** Monroe County Code, Sections 9.5-4 (C-13.1), (C-13.2), (C-14), (C-23.1), (D-15.1), (F-13.1), (L9.1), (L9.2), (L-9.3), (M-14.1), (O-7.1), (Y-1), (Y-2), (Y-3), (Y-4), Sec. 9.5-352(b), Sec. 9.5-352(c), Sec. 9.5-352(d), Sec. 9.5-352(e), Sec. 9.5-352(i), Sec. 9.5-352(j), Sec. 9.5-353(c), Sec. 9.5-354(a), Sec. 9.5-354(b), Sec. 9.5-354(c), and Sec. 9.5-355, are amended as follows [Language that has been deleted is shown struck through, new language that has been added is shown underlined. The diagram, "Illustration of Minimum Required Parking Space Dimensions," is new.]

Sec. 9.5-4. Definitions.

- (D-15.1) Double frontage means a lot having frontage on two or more non intersecting streets, sometimes called a through lot.
- (F-13.1) Frontage means that part of a lot abutting on a right-of-way.
- (L-9.1) Lot lines, front means in the case of a lot abutting only one (1) street, the street right-of-way line separating such lot from such street; in the case of a double frontage lot or corner lot, each street right-of-way line separating such lot from a street shall be considered to be the front lot line.
- (L-9.2) Lot lines, rear means a lot line which is most nearly parallel to and most distant from the front lot line of the lot. In the case of a lot where the side lot lines intersect there shall be no rear lot line and in the case of lots that have frontage on more than one (1) road or street, non-frontage lot lines shall be considered side yards.
- (L-9.3) Lot lines, side means a lot line that is neither a front or rear lot line running perpendicular or radial from the front lot line and corresponding street right-of-way.
- (Y-1) Yard means an open space at grade that is the minimum required setback between a structure or other man made obstruction and the adjoining lot lines unoccupied and unobstructed from the ground upward, except as may be specifically permitted.
- (Y-2) Yard, front means a required open space on a lot that extends across the front of a lot and is generally adjacent the public right-of-way, the depth of which is measured perpendicularly to the front lot line. On corner lots or double frontage lots, each yard frontage on a street shall be a front yard.
- (Y-3) Yard, rear means a required open space on a lot that extends along the full length of the rear lot line, the depth of which is measured perpendicularly to the rear lot line.
- (Y-4) Yard, side means a required open space on a lot that extends along the full length of the side lot line between the required front yard and required rear yard, the depth of which is measured perpendicularly to the side lot line. In the case of double frontage lots, side yards shall extend from the rear lines of the required front yards. In the case of corner lots, yards remaining after front yards have been established on both frontages shall be considered side yards.

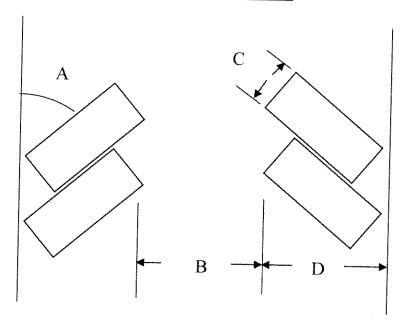
# Sec. 9.5-352. Required off-street parking.

- (a) Generally: Every use shall be provided with off-street parking in accordance with the standards contained in this division. Every parking space, both required and unrequired, shall meet the minimum standards of this division.
- (b) <u>Design and Dimensional Requirements of Parking Spaces and Aisles: Each parking space shall have direct and unrestricted access to an aisle.</u> Except as expressly stated

herein, each parking aisle and parking space shall meet the following minimum standards:

# Parking Space and Aisle Width Minimum Dimensional Requirements

# Illustration of Minimum Required Parking Space Dimensions



<u>Legend for Minimum Required Parking Space</u> <u>Dimensions.</u>

A — Angle of parking space, varies from 0 to 90 degrees

B — Width of aisle, one way and two way

C — Width of parking space

(THE REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE LEFT INTENTIONALLY BLANK)

Parking Pattern in Degrees (A)	One-Way Aisle Width feet (B)	Two-Way Aisle Width feet (B)	Parking Space Width feet (C)	Parking Space Length feet (D)
0 (Parallel)	12	24	8.5	25
30 or 45	15	24	8.5	18
60	18	24	8.5	18
75	22	24	8.5	18
90	24	24	8.5	18

# (c) Required Number of Off-Street Parking Spaces: The following is the number of parking spaces to be provided for each use:

Specific Use Category	Minimum Required Number of Parking Spaces Per Indicated Unit of Measure
Single Family dwelling units, including mobile homes on individual lots	2.0 spaces per dwelling unit or mobile home
Multi-family dwelling units	1.5 spaces per dwelling unit
Mobile home parks	1.0 space per pad
Commercial retail except as otherwise specified below	3.5 3.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of gross non-residential floor area (nrfa) of building and 4.75 1.5 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of non-residential floor area devoted to land activity area (laa) for outdoor sales and display outdoor retail sales and display area.
Eating and drinking establishments	14.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of gfa non-residential floor area and 7.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of laa unenclosed non-residential floor area devoted to dining and/or bar area
Convenience stores	4.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft of gfa (nrfa)
Commercial recreation (indoor)	5.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of <del>gfa</del> ( <u>nrfa)</u>

Commercial recreation (outdoor)	5.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of laa of the parcel that is devoted to the outdoor recreationa activity, excluding areas used for parking and driveways, required yards and required landscaping and buffer areas.			
Theaters, conference, or activities centers	0.3 spaces per seat or 1.0 space per 3.0 actual seats or based on seating capacity			
Offices	3.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of <del>gfa</del> ( <u>nrfa)</u>			
Medical and dental clinics	4.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of <del>gfa</del> <u>(nrfa)</u>			
RV parks	1.0 space per pad			
Hotels/destination resorts	1.0 space per room for first bedroom plus .5 space for each additional bedroom			
Mini-warehouses, personal storage facilities /self storage center	0.5 space per 1,000 sq. ft. of gfa- 3.0 spaces for the office use plus a parking aisle of 10 feet in width adjacent the storage unit access doors if outside access to the storage units is provided			
Industrial uses: excluding repair and o servicing of vehicles	2.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of <del>gfa</del> (nrfa)			
Repair and or servicing of vehicles	3.0 spaces per service/repair bay or 3.0 spaces per 1000 sq. ft. of gfa, (nrfa) whichever greater, the service/repair bays shall not be counted as parking spaces			
Warehousing	1.0 space per 1,000 sq. ft. (nrfa)			
Hospitals	1.8 spaces per bed			
Churches	0.3 space per seat and/or 0.3 space per 24 inches for pews			
Live-aboard	1.5 spaces per berth			
Marinas and commercial fishing facilities	1.0 space per berth plus one space per four (4) dry storage racks			
Charter/guide boats, less than six (6) or fewer passengers capacity	2.0 spaces per berth			
Party and charter/guide boats, more than five (5) six (6) passengers capacity	0.3 space per passenger capacity of vessel			
Boat ramps	6.0 spaces per ramp; all spaces shall be a minimum of 14 feet by 55 feet, to accommodate trailers and oversized vehicles.			

- (d) Category of Specific Use for Determination of the Number of Spaces: If a specific use does not fall within one of the above categories in subsection (c), or the general category does not accurately identify the parking need for a specific use, then the parking space requirements shall be based on the most current edition of the Institute of Transportation Engineer's Parking Generation Manual, or other appropriate documentation authorized by the planning director.
- (e) Calculation of Number of Parking Spaces: In calculating the number of parking spaces required under this division, the following special provisions apply:
  - (1) When units or measurements determining the number of required parking spaces result in the requirement of a fractional space, any fraction up to and including one-half (1/2) shall be disregarded and fractions over one-half (1/2) shall require one parking space.
  - (2) In determining the amount of land activity area devoted to for outdoor uses, areas used for parking and driveways required yards and required landscaping and buffer areas, shall not be counted.
  - (3) When two (2) or more separate uses are on a site, the required parking for the site is the sum of the total required parking for each of the individual uses, except if the shared parking calculation option is used, as provided for in subsection (i).
  - (4) The planning director may grant a reduction of up to twenty-five (25) percent in the number of required parking spaces for non-residential uses, located within a gated community, provided an equivalent number of parking spaces are provided and designed to accommodate golf carts, a "neighborhood electric vehicle," or similar four (4) wheeled vehicles. The planning director may increase this percentage based on a parking demand study provided by the applicant and approved by the planning director.
  - The planning director may, in a specific area identified within a Community Master Plan, or grant a reduction of up to twenty (20) percent in the number of required parking spaces for non-residential uses provided an equivalent number of parking spaces are reduced in size and redesigned to accommodate scooters and other similar modes of transportation.
- (f) Handicapped Parking Requirements: The number and design of handicapped parking spaces shall be in accordance with the provisions of chapter 6, which incorporates by reference the Florida Building Code.
- (g) Location of Required Parking: Required off-street parking spaces for single-family and multi-family residential uses shall be located on the premises they are intended to

serve. Required off-street parking spaces for all other uses shall be located on the same lot as the principal use they are intended to serve or upon another lot in accordance the provisions of subsection (h).

- (h) The following requirements shall apply to off-site parking facilities:
  - (1) The location of any off-site parking lot shall be within three hundred (300) feet walking distance, as measured by the shortest route of effective pedestrian access, of a public entrance to the structure of land area containing the use for which the spaces are required;
  - (2) A parking agreement shall be required in accordance with section 9.5-353; and,
  - (3) Any off-site parking area located within a different land use district than the principal use it is intended to serve shall meet the following provisions in addition to requirements (1) and (2) above:
    - a. The off-site parking area and the use(s) it is intended to serve shall be aggregated for purposes of development review and shall be approved only as a minor or major conditional use.
    - b. The principal use intended to be served by the off-site parking area shall be a permitted principal use within the land use district in which the off-site parking area is located.
- (i) Shared Parking Option Requirements:
  - (1) Purpose: The purpose of the shared parking option is to permit a reduction in the total number of parking spaces which would otherwise be required in instances where two or more uses on the same lot or separate lots are to share the same parking spaces because their peak parking demands do not occur at the same time. Shared parking is an option to the method for calculation of required parking as provided for in subsection (e) (3).
  - (2) Condition on Development Approval: If the shared parking option is used to calculate the amount of required parking spaces, the approved development permit shall have a condition that any change in the occupancy or use of any of the principal uses intended to be served by the shared parking shall require development approval by the planning director to ensure sufficient parking is available.
  - (3) Computation of shared parking requirements: Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (e)(4) for individual land uses, when any land or building is used for two (2) or more distinguishable purposes as listed below, the shared parking option may be used to determined the minimum

amount of parking required. Under the shared parking option, the minimum total number of required parking spaces for said land or building shall be determined by the following procedure:

- a. Multiply the minimum parking requirement for each individual use as set forth in subsection (c) by the appropriate percentage as set forth in the table below for each of the five designated time periods.
- b. Add the resulting sums for each of the five (5) vertical Columns in the table.
- c. The minimum parking requirement is the highest sum among the five (5) columns resulting from the calculation in subsection (b) above. Time periods not covered in the table below may be ignored for the purposes of calculating shared parking.

	A (C) LTTIA (C)					
	NIGHTTIME	WEEKDAY	WEEKDAY		WEEKEND	
	Midnight6:00 a.m.	Day 9:00 a.m 4:00 p.m.	Evening 6:00 p.mMidnight	Day 9:00 a.m 4:00 p.m.	Evening 6:00 p.mMidnight	
Specific Use Categories						
Marinas	5%	70%	10%	100%	20%	
Residential	100%	60%	90%	80%	90%	
Office/Industrial	5%	100%	10%	10%	5%	
Churches	5%	25%	50%	100%	50%	
Commercial Retail	5%	60%	90%	100%	70%	
Drinking and Eating/Entertainment/Recreation (Theaters, bowling alleys, meeting halls)	10%	40%	100%	80%	100%	
Hotel	75%	75%	100%	75%	100%	
All Others	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	

- The planning director may reduce the required parking requirements based on a parking demand study approved by the planning director. The methodology for conducting the study shall be submitted for review and approval by the county and shall include, but not be limited to the week and day the study will be conducted, the number of days and duration of the study, and the time intervals and locations for data collection. The study shall be reviewed by the county traffic consultant to determine whether the parking study supports the basis for the parking reduction request.
- (j) Wheel Stop Requirements: All impervious surface parking spaces shall be clearly marked by striping or other markings acceptable to the planning director. All pervious and impervious surface parking spaces shall have a wheel stop, bumper blocks or similar barriers where the front of the parking space is adjacent a building, required yard or required landscaping, to designate each parking space.
- (k) Bicycle Spaces: A bicycle rack for parking bicycles shall be provided by all nonresidential development within two hundred (200) feet of an existing or programmed state or county bikeway. The minimum layout for a bicycle parking area shall be a two (2) foot wide by six (6) foot long stall with a minimum aisle width of five (5) feet. The bicycle parking area shall be located within fifty (50) feet of a public entrance to the principal structure and shall not interfere with pedestrian or vehicular traffic.

#### Sec. 9.5-353. Parking agreements.

- (a) *Purpose*: The purpose of parking agreements is to ensure the continued availability of off-site parking facilities for the use(s) they are intended to serve.
- (b) Requirements: All off-site parking facilities shall require a parking agreement.
- (c) Form and Approvals: The parking agreement shall <u>be</u> drawn to the satisfaction of the county attorney and planning director and executed by all parties, including the county. The agreement shall provide the county with the right of enforcement.

## Sec. 9.5-354. Required number and size of off-street loading/unloading spaces.

(a) Number and Size of Required Spaces: Loading/unloading spaces shall be provided as follows:

		Minimum Required Number of Loading and Unloading space	
Specific Use Category	G.F.A. (Sq. Ft.)	11'× 35'	11'× 55
All non-residential uses	0-2,499	1	<u>0</u>

	2,500—19,999	0	1
	20,000—49,000	<u>0</u>	1
	50,000—and ove	<u>и</u> 0	2
(1) Office uses	0-29,999	0	4
	30,000 99,999	0	1
	100,000 and over	<b>1</b>	4
(2)Commercial (excluding eating and drinking est.)	0-9,999	0	0
	10,000 29,999	θ	4
	30,000 79,999~	0	2
	80,000 and over-	1	2
(3)Commercial eating and drinking establishments	0-4,999	θ	0
	5,000 19,999	0	1
	20,000 39,999	θ	2
	40,000 and over	4	2
(4) Hotels and motels	0-48,999	0	0
	50,000 99,999	0	4
	100,000 199,999	θ	2
	200,000 and over	1	2
(5) Industrial	0-4,999	0	0
	5,000 29,999	θ .	4
	30,000-49,999	0	2

50,000 and over	1	2

- (b) Location of Required Loading/Unloading and Unloading Spaces: Loading/unloading spaces shall be located entirely on the same lot as the principal use they serve. These spaces shall not be located on any public right-of-way, or on any parking spaces or parking aisle. The spaces shall be accessible and adjacent or as close to the building served as possible.
- (c) Reduction in Loading/Unloading Space Requirements: The planning director is authorized, to grant a reduction in the number and dimensional requirements of this division for loading/unloading spaces, based on the submittal by an applicant of a parking demand study prepared and signed by a qualified traffic engineer, for loading/unloading spaces approved by the planning director, prepared and signed by a qualified traffic engineer and reviewed by the county traffic consultant.

### Sec. 9.5-355. Restriction on use of parking and loading/unloading spaces.

The use of off-street parking, loading/unloading spaces or aisles for outdoor retail sales, outside storage, storage area. The display or storage of merchandise, materials or motor vehicles and/or repair of motor vehicles or any kind of equipment is prohibited in all off-street parking and loading spaces and aisles except as allowed through the issuance of a public assembly permit issued by Monroe County for a specific period of time.

- **Section 3.** If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, item, change or provision of this ordinance is held invalid, the remainder shall not be affected by such invalidity.
- **Section 4.** All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict with this ordinance are hereby repealed to the extent of said conflict. The repeal of an ordinance herein shall not repeal the repealing clause of such ordinance or revive any ordinance which has been repealed hereby.
- **Section 5.** This ordinance does not affect prosecutions for ordinance violations committed prior to the effective date of this ordinance; and does not affect the validity of any bond or cash deposit posted, filed, or deposited pursuant to the requirements of any ordinance.
- **Section 6.** This ordinance shall be filed in the Office of the Secretary of State of the State of Florida, but shall not become effective until a notice is issued by the Department of Community Affairs or Administrative Commission approving ordinance pursuant to Chapter 380, Florida Statutes.
- **Section 7.** The provisions of this ordinance shall be included and incorporated into the Code of Ordinances of the County of Monroe, Florida, as an addition or amendment

thereto and shall be appropriately numbered to conform to the uniform numbering system of the Code.

**PASSED AND ADOPTED** By the Board of County Commissioners of Monroe County, Florida at a regular meeting held on the 21<sup>st</sup> day December, 2005.

Mayor Charles "Sonny" McCoy	7
Mayor Pro Tem Murray Nelson	
Commissioner George Neugent	
Commissioner David Rice	Administration
Commissioner Dixie Spehar	***************************************
	BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
	OF MONROE COUNTY, FLORIDA
	By
	Mayor Charles "Sonny" McCoy
(SEAL)	, , ,
ATTEST: DANNY L. KOHAGE, CI	MONROE COUNTY ATTORNEY APPROVED AS TO FORM
Deputy Clerk	Date: 1 12.2.05

# **BOCC STAFF REPORT**

#### **GROWTH MANAGEMENT DIVISION**

2798 Overseas Highway Suite 400 Marathon, Florida 33050 Voice: (305) 289-2500

Voice: (305) 289-2500 FAX: (305) 289-2536



#### **BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS**

Mayor Charles "Sonny" McCoy, District 3 Mayor Pro Tem Murray E. Nelson, District 5 George Neugent, District 2 David P. Rice, District 4 Dixie Spehar, District 1

#### **Upper Keys Planning Office**

88800 Overseas Highway Tavernier FL 33070 Voice: (305) 852-7100 FAX: (305) 852-7103

### Memorandum

To: Monroe County Board of County Commissioners

From: David A. Dacquisto AICP, Director, Island Planning Team

Date: November 30, 2005

Re: Amendment to Parking Provisions, Monroe County Code

BOCC Meeting: December 21, 2005, 1st of 1 Public Hearing

#### I. SUMMARY

The Monroe County Department of Planning and Environmental Resources identified a need to amend the Monroe County Code parking standards, to correct previous drafting errors, clarify parking requirements, cover issues previously not addressed, and to amend parking provisions to provide for increased flexibility in administration to recognize unique situations where parking and loading provisions may not be appropriate

A review of the Monroe County Code parking regulations and research on current trends in parking requirements lead to changes in required parking numbers and clarification on their application.

The proposed parking regulations provide for a reduction in parking requirements based on the use of golf cart type vehicles in gated communities and scooters in areas identified in Community Master Plans.

The proposed amendments provide for greater flexibility in shared parking with the opportunity for developers to provide a parking study rather than using the code to determine parking requirements where shared parking is utilized. The amendments include language to provide the planning director with the opportunity to waive certain parking requirements allowing greater flexibility and ease of development. This will provide more opportunity for development and shorten development time by handling many parking issues administratively.

The number and size of loading/unloading spaces is amended to require fewer and smaller loading/unloading spaces and to simplify the application of this provision by having one set of standards for all non-residential use types.

#### II. BACKGROUND

The proposed parking revision corrects errors in a previous parking amendment, adds new language and definitions to clarify code requirements, and provides increased opportunity for administrative review and waiver of certain requirements.

In reviewing the parking regulations, it was necessary to review other code issues that were related to the provision of parking. The first issue that arose was the need to define the terms that are utilized in the parking regulations so that they could be applied consistently and accurately. The second issue was the need to define terms that although not directly part of the parking regulations, are ancillary and necessary for the application of the parking requirements.

Proposed revisions include:

The addition of Section 9.5-4(D-15.1) Double frontage and Section 9.5-4(F13.1) Frontage to provide definition.

The addition of definitions Section 9.5-4(L-9.1) Lot lines, front, Section 9.5-4 (L-9.2) Lot lines, rear and Section 9.5-4 (L-9.3) Lot lines, side, to clarify the meaning of lot lines and how to identify each type in order to calculate parking setbacks from lot lines.

The addition of definitions Section 9.5-4(Y-1) Yard, Section 9.5-4(Y-2) Yard, front, Section 9.5-4(Y-3) Yard, rear, Section 9.5-4(Y-4) Yard, side, clearly define yard and yard types to clarify the areas where parking is not allowed.

The amendment of Sections 9.5-352 Required off-street parking, Sec 9.3-353 Parking agreements, Sec 9.5-345 Required number and size of of-street loading spaces and 9.5-355 Restrictions on use of parking and loading spaces, are the primary amendments proposed.

A review of the Monroe County Code parking regulations and research on current trends in parking requirements lead to changes in required parking numbers and clarification on their application.

The proposed parking regulations provide for reductions in parking requirements based on the use of golf cart type vehicles in gated communities and scooters in areas identified in Community Master Plans.

Shared parking is amended with the opportunity for developers to provide a parking study rather than the code to determine parking requirements where shared parking is utilized.

The number and size of loading/unloading spaces is amended to require fewer and smaller loading/unloading spaces and to simplify the application of this provision by having one set of standards for all non-residential use types. The present code requires larger spaces and more loading/unloading spaces than is warranted by the level of development in the county.

The amendments include language to provide the planning director with the opportunity to waive certain parking requirements allowing greater flexibility and ease of development. This will provide more opportunity for development and shorten development time by handling many parking issues administratively.

Subsequent to the Planning Commission hearing, staff initiated changes to the draft ordinance to improve syntax and to clarify context.

#### III. FINDINGS

- 1. The amendments are needed to correct previous drafting errors, clarify parking requirements, cover issues previously not addressed, and to revise parking provisions to provide for increased flexibility in administration in order to recognize unique situations where parking provisions may not be appropriate; and
- 2. The proposed revisions will correct previous drafting errors, clarify parking requirements, cover issues previously not addressed; and
- 3. That the proposed change is consistent with Section 9.5-511 (d) (5) (IV) New Issues and (v) Recognition of a need for additional detail or comprehensiveness and that the proposed changes are consistent with the Monroe County 2010 Comprehensive Plan.

#### IV. PREVIOUS ACTION

The Monroe County Code parking requirements were last amended in November of 2003. The previous amendment introduced tables to the parking requirements and increased parking and loading requirements in some cases. The amendment included language that was not clearly defined and the Monroe County Code lacked necessary definitions or language to support the application of the parking requirements.

#### V. RECOMMENDED ACTION

The staff recommends approval.

# PLANNING COMMISSION RESOLUTION # P40-05

#### PLANNING COMMISSION RESOLUTION NO. P40-05

A RESOLUTION BYTHE MONROE COUNTY **APPROVING PLANNING** COMMISSION THE AMENDMENTS TO THE MONROE COUNTY CODE AMENDING SECTIONS 9.5-4, 9.5-122, 9.5-235, 9.5-352, 9.5-354 AND 9.5-355, MONROE COUNTY CODE: TO **PROVIDE** FOR ADDITIONAL DETAIL OR COMPREHENSIVENESS WITH REGARD TO PARKING REQUIREMENTS; PROVIDING FOR REPEAL OF ALL **ORDINANCES** INCONSISTENT HEREWITH; PROVIDING FOR INCORPORATION IN THE MONROE COUNTY CODE OF ORDINANCES; DIRECTING THE PLANNING AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT TO TRANSMIT A COPY OF THIS ORDINANCE TO THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY AFFAIRS.

WHEREAS, the Monroe County Department of Planning and Environmental Resources has identified a need to amend the Monroe County Code parking standards, to correct previous drafting errors, clarify parking requirements, cover issues previously not addressed, and to amend parking provisions to provide for increased flexibility in administration to recognize unique situations where parking provisions may not be appropriate; and

**WHEREAS**, Section 9.5-511 delineates the mechanism to amend the Monroe County Code via a "text amendment"; and

WHEREAS, the Monroe County Planning Commission, during a regular meeting held on September 28, 2005 conducted a review and consideration of a request by the Monroe County Department of Planning and Environmental Resources to amend the Monroe County Code Sections 9.5-4, 9.5-122, 9.5-235, 9.5-352, 9.5-354 and 9.5-355; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission reviewed the following information.

1. The staff report prepared by David A. Dacquisto, Director, Island Planning Team dated September 10, 2005; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission made the following Findings of Fact:

- 1. Staff finds that there is an identified need to make the amendment to correct previous drafting errors, clarify parking requirements, cover issues previously not addressed, and to amend parking provisions to provide for increased flexibility in administration to recognize unique situations where parking provisions may not be appropriate; and
- 2. The proposed revisions will correct previous drafting errors, clarify parking requirements, cover issues previously not addressed, and to amend parking provisions to provide for increased flexibility in administration to recognize unique situations where parking provisions may not be appropriate; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission made the following Conclusions of Law:

- 1. Staff finds that the proposed change is consistent with Section 9.5-511 (d) (5) (IV) New Issues and (v) Recognition of a need for additional detail or comprehensiveness; and
- 2. Staff finds that the proposed changes are consistent with the Monroe County 2010 Comprehensive Plan.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE PLANNING COMMISSION OF MONROE COUNTY, that the preceding Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law support their decision to recommend APPROVAL to the Board of County Commissioners of the following text amendment to the Monroe County Code as follows: (The old language that has been deleted is shown struck through. The new language that has been added is shown underlined.)

#### Amendment to Sec, 9.5-4. Definitions.

- (C-13.1) Commercial recreation (indoors) means a use designed and equipped for the conduct of sports and leisure-time activities operated as a business and providing completely enclosed recreation activities. Included in this definition are bowling, indoor tennis and racquetball courts, indoor miniature golf, indoor driving ranges, theatres, health clubs and swimming pools.
- (C-13.2) Commercial recreation (outdoors) means a use designed and equipped for the conduct of sports and leisure-time activities wholly within uncovered or unenclosed areas. Included in this definition are tennis courts, miniature golf, driving ranges, golf courses and swimming pools.
  - (C-14) Commercial retail use means a use that sells goods or services at retail.
    - (a) Commercial retail uses which are subdivided into the following three (3) classifications:
      - (1)(a)—Commercial retail low-intensity means commercial retail uses that generate less than fifty (50) average daily trips per one thousand (1,000) square feet of floor area.

- (2)(b)—Commercial retail medium-intensity means retail uses that generate between fifty (50) and one hundred (100) average daily trips per one thousand (1,000) square feet of floor area.
- (3)(e)—Commercial retail high-intensity means retail uses that generate above one hundred (100) average daily trips per one thousand (1,000) square feet of floor area.
- (C23.1) Contractor's equipment storage yard means an area that is used to park or store construction vehicles or equipment used by a building or construction trades contractor provided that all vehicle and equipment repair or maintenance is conducted in an enclosed building or structure. A contractor's equipment storage yard is considered a light industrial use.
- (D-15.1) Double frontage means a lot having frontage on two or more non intersecting streets, sometimes called a through lot.
- (F-13.1) Frontage means that part of a lot abutting on a street.
- (L-9.1) Lot lines, front means in the case of a lot abutting only one (1) street, the street right-of-way line separating such lot from such street; in the case of a double frontage lot or corner lot, each street right-of-way line separating such lot from a street shall be considered to be the front lot line.
- (L-9.2) Lot lines, rear means a lot line which is most nearly parallel to and most distant from the front lot line of the lot. In the case of a lot where the side lot lines intersect there shall be no rear lot line and in the case of lots that have frontage on more than one (1) road or street, non-frontage lot lines shall be considered side yards.
- (L-9.3) Lot lines, side means a lot line that is neither a front or rear lot line running perpendicular or radial from the front lot line and corresponding street right-of-way.
- (M-14.1) *Mini-warehouses* means a light industrial use of land for a self-storage center that is a building or group of buildings divided into separate compartments for use by individuals or businesses and used for storage only.
- (O-7.1) Outdoor retail sales means a commercial use (see definition C-14) that predominantly involves the display and sale of vehicles, recreational vehicles, boats, campers, equipment, goods, materials and services outside of a building.
- (S-11.1) Storage area means the outside storage of vehicles, recreational vehicles, boats, campers, equipment, goods and materials for more than twenty-four (24) hours, it includes contractor's equipment storage yards and does not contain outdoor retail sales. This is considered a light industrial use and does not include waste transfer stations, junkyards, or other heavy industrial uses.

- (Y-1) Yard means an open space at grade that is the minimum required setback between a principal building and the adjoining lot lines unoccupied and unobstructed from the ground upward, except as may be specifically permitted. In measuring a setback to determine the required depth of the front, rear, and side yards, the minimum horizontal distance between the lot lines and the furthest most projection of the principal building shall be used.
- (Y-2) Yard, front means a required open space on a lot that extends across the front of a lot and is generally adjacent the public right-of-way, the depth of which is measured perpendicularly to the front lot line. On corner lots or through lots, each yard frontage on a street shall be a front yard.
- (Y-3) Yard, rear means a required open space on a lot that extends along the full length of the rear lot line, the depth of which is measured perpendicularly to the rear lot line.
- (Y-4) Yard, side means a required open space on a lot that extends along the full length of the side lot line between the required front yard and required rear yard, the depth of which is measured perpendicularly to the side lot line. In the case of through lots, side yards shall extend from the rear lines of the required front yards. In the case of corner lots, yards remaining after front yards have been established on both frontages shall be considered side yards.

### Amendment to Sec. 9.5-122.3. Evaluation criteria.

Sec. 9.5-122.3(b) Definitions

Storage area means the outside storage of vehicles, recreational vehicles, boats, campers, equipment, goods and materials for more than twenty-four (24) hours, it does include contractor's equipment storage and does not contain outdoor retail sales. This is considered a light industrial use and does not include waste transfer stations, junkyards yards or other heavy industrial uses.

### Delete Sec. 9.5-235. Suburban Commercial District (SC).

Sec. 9.5-235 (a)

(8) Storage areas, provided that the area does not exceed twenty five (25) percent of the gross area of the parcel proposed for development, is closed to the public, the storage area is screened from adjacent use by a solid fence, wall or hedge at least six (6) feet in height; if such areas exceed twenty five (25) percent, than approval must be obtained pursuant to subsection (b) (8).

DIVISION 9. PARKING AND LOADING STANDARDS\*

Sec. 9.5-351. Purpose and intent.

The purpose and intent of this division is to provide adequate off-street parking and loading areas to serve the majority of traffic generated by development. The provision of parking and loading areas is to: avoid undue congestion on the streets; protect the capacity of the road system to move traffic; minimize unnecessary conflicts between vehicles, pedestrians, and bicyclists; facilitate the use of transportation management systems; and avoid noise, glare, lights, and visual impacts of parking and loading operations on adjacent properties.

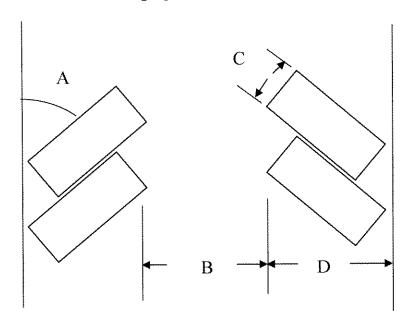
#### Sec. 9.5-352. Required off-street parking.

- (a) Generally: Every use shall be provided with off-street parking in accordance with the standards contained in this division. Every parking space, both required and unrequired, shall meet the minimum standards of this division.
- (b) <u>Design and Dimensional Requirements of Parking Spaces and Aisles: Each parking space shall have direct and unrestricted access to an aisle.</u> Except as expressly stated herein, each parking aisle and parking space shall meet the following minimum standards:

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## Parking Space and Aisle Width Minimum Dimensional Requirements

# Illustration of Minimum Required Parking Space Dimensions



Legend for Minimum Required Parking Space Dimensions.

A — Angle of parking space, varies from 0 to 90 degrees

B — Width of aisle, one way and two way

C — Width of parking space

Parking Pattern in Degrees (A)	One-Way Aisle Width feet $(B)$	Two-Way Aisle Width feet $(B)$	Parking Space Width feet $(C)$	Parking Space Length feet $(D)$
0 (Parallel)	12	24	8.5	25
30 or 45	15	24	8.5	18
60	18	24	8.5	18
75	22	24	8.5	18

90	24	24	8.5	18

# (c) Required Number of Off-Street Parking Spaces: The following is the number of parking spaces to be provided for each use:

Specific Use Category	Minimum Required Number of Parking Spaces Per Indicated Unit of Measure
Single Family dwelling units, including mobile homes on individual lots	2.0 spaces per dwelling unit or mobile home
Multi-family dwelling units	1.5 spaces per dwelling unit
Mobile home parks	1.0 space per pad
Commercial retail except as otherwise specified below	3.5 3.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of gress non-residential floor area (nrfa) of building and 1.75 1.5 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of non-residential floor area devoted to land activity area (laa) for outdoor sales and display outdoor retail sales and display area.
Eating and drinking establishments	14.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of gfa non-residential floor area and 7.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of laa unenclosed non-residential floor area devoted to dining and/or bar area
Convenience stores	4.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft of <del>gfa</del> ( <u>nrfa)</u>
Commercial recreation (indoor)	5.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of <del>gfa</del> <u>(nrfa)</u>
Commercial recreation (outdoor)	5.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of <del>laa</del> of the parcel that is devoted to the outdoor recreational activity, excluding areas used for parking and driveways, required yards and required landscaping and buffer areas.
Theaters, conference, or activity centers	0.3 spaces per seat or 1.0 space per 3.0 actual seats or based on seating capacity
Offices	3.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of <del>gfa</del> ( <u>nrfa)</u>
Medical and dental clinics	4.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of <del>gfa</del> ( <u>nrfa)</u>
RV parks	1.0 space per pad
Hotels/destination resorts	1.0 space per reom individual accommodation

Mini-warehouses, personal storage facilities /self storage center	0.5 space per 1,000 sq. ft. of gfa- 3.0 spaces for the office use plus a parking aisle of 10 feet in width adjacent the storage unit access doors if outside access to the storage units is provided
Industrial uses; excluding repair and or servicing of vehicles	2.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of <del>gfa</del> (nrfa)
Industrial uses: repair and or servicing of vehicles	3.0 spaces per service/repair bay or 3.0 spaces per 1000 sq. ft. of qfa, (nrfa) whichever is greater, the service/repair bays shall not be counted as parking spaces
Warehousing	1.0 space per 1,000 sq. ft. (nrfa)
Hospitals	1.8 spaces per bed
Churches	0.3 space per seat and/or 0.3 space per 24 inches for pews
Live-aboard	1.5 spaces per berth
Marinas and commercial fishing facilities	1.0 space per berth plus one space per four (4) dry storage racks
Charter/guide boats, less than six (6) or fewer passengers capacity	2.0 spaces per berth
Party and charter/guide boats, more than five (5) six (6) passengers capacity	
Boat ramps	6.0 spaces per ramp; all spaces shall be a minimum of 14 feet by 55 feet, to accommodate trailers and oversized vehicles.

- (d) Category of Specific Use for Determination of the Number of Spaces: If a specific use does not fall within one of the above categories in subsection (c), or the general category does not accurately identify the parking need for a specific use, then the parking space requirements shall be based on the most current edition of the Institute of Transportation Engineer's Parking Generation Manual, or other appropriate documentation authorized by the planning director.
- (e) Calculation of Number of Parking Spaces: In calculating the number of parking spaces required under this division, the following special provisions apply:
  - (1) When units or measurements determining the number of required parking spaces result in the requirement of a fractional space, any fraction up to and including one-half (1/2) shall be disregarded and fractions over one-half (1/2) shall require one parking space.

- (2) In determining the amount of land activity area devoted to for outdoor uses, areas used for parking and driveways required yards and required landscaping and buffer areas, shall not be counted.
- (3) When two (2) or more separate uses are on a site, the required parking for the site is the sum of the total required parking for each of the individual uses, except if the shared parking calculation option is used, as provided for in subsection (i).
- The planning director may grant a reduction of up to twenty-five (25) percent in the number of required parking spaces for non-residential uses, located within a gated community, provided an equivalent number of parking spaces are provided and designed to accommodate golf carts, a "neighborhood electric vehicle," or similar four (4) wheeled vehicles. The planning director may increase this percentage based on a parking demand study provided by the applicant and approved by the planning director.
- (5) The planning director may, in a specific area identified within a Community Master Plan, grant a reduction of up to twenty (20) percent in the number of required parking spaces for non-residential uses provided an equivalent number of parking spaces are reduced in size and redesigned to accommodate scooters and other similar modes of transportation.
- (f) Handicapped Parking Requirements: The number and design of handicapped parking spaces shall be in accordance with the provisions of chapter 6, which incorporates by reference the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction.
- (g) Location of Required Parking: Required off-street parking spaces for single-family and multi-family residential uses shall be located on the premises they are intended to serve. Required off-street parking spaces for all other uses shall be located on the same lot as the principal use they are intended to serve or upon another lot in accordance the provisions of subsection (h).
- (h) The following requirements shall apply to off-site parking facilities:
  - (1) The location of any off-site parking lot shall be within three hundred (300) feet walking distance, as measured by the shortest route of effective pedestrian access, of a public entrance to the structure of land area containing the use for which the spaces are required;
  - (2) A parking agreement shall be required in accordance with section 9.5-353; and,
  - (3) Any off-site parking area located within a different land use district than the principal use it is intended to serve shall meet the following provisions in addition to requirements (1) and (2) above:

- a. The off-site parking area and the use(s) it is intended to serve shall be aggregated for purposes of development review and shall be approved only as a minor or major conditional use.
- b. The principal use intended to be served by the off-site parking area shall be a permitted principal use within the land use district in which the off-site parking area is located.

#### (i) Shared Parking Option Requirements:

- (1) Purpose: The purpose of the shared parking option is to permit a reduction in the total number of parking spaces which would otherwise be required in instances where two or more uses on the same lot or separate lots are to share the same parking spaces because their peak parking demands do not occur at the same time. Shared parking is an option to the method for calculation of required parking as provided for in subsection (e) (3).
- (2) Condition on Development Approval: If the shared parking option is used to calculate the amount of required parking spaces, the approved development permit shall have a condition that any change in the occupancy or use of any of the principal uses intended to be served by the shared parking shall require development approval by the planning director to ensure sufficient parking is available.
- (3) Computation of shared parking requirements: Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (e)(4) for individual land uses, when any land or building is used for two (2) or more distinguishable purposes as listed below, the shared parking option may be used to determined the minimum amount of parking required. Under the shared parking option, the minimum total number of required parking spaces for said land or building shall be determined by the following procedure:
  - a. Multiply the minimum parking requirement for each individual use as set forth in subsection (c) by the appropriate percentage as set forth in the table below for each of the five designated time periods.
  - b. Add the resulting sums for each of the five (5) vertical columns in the table.
  - c. The minimum parking requirement is the highest sum among the five (5) columns resulting from the calculation in subsection (b) above. <u>Time periods not covered in the table below may be ignored for the purposes of calculating shared parking.</u>
- (4) The planning director may reduce the required parking requirements based on a parking demand study approved by the planning director. The methodology for conducting the study shall be submitted for review and approval by the county

and shall include, but not be limited to the week and day the study will be conducted, the number of days and duration of the study, and the time intervals and locations for data collection. The study shall be reviewed by the county traffic consultant to determine whether the parking study supports the basis for the parking reduction request.

	NIGHTTIME	WEEKDAY		WEEKEND	
	Midnight6:00 a.m.	Day 9:00 a.m 4:00 p.m.	Evening 6:00 p.mMidnight	Day 9:00 a.m 4:00 p.m.	Evening 6:00 p.mMidnight
Specific Use Categories					
Marinas	5%	70%	10%	100%	20%
Residential	100%	60%	90%	80%	90%
Office/Industrial	5%	100%	10%	10%	5%
Churches	5%	25%	50%	100%	50%
Commercial Retail	5%	60%	90%	100%	70%
Drinking and Eating/Entertainment/Recreation (Theaters, bowling alleys, meeting halls)	10%	40%	100%	80%	100%
Hotel	75%	75%	100%	75%	100%
All Others	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

- (j) Wheel Stop Requirements: All impervious surface parking spaces shall be clearly marked by striping or other markings acceptable to the planning director. All pervious and impervious surface parking spaces shall have a wheel stop, bumper blocks or similar barriers where the front of the parking space is adjacent a building, required yard or required landscaping, to designate each parking space.
- (k) Bicycle Spaces: A bicycle rack for parking bicycles shall be provided by all nonresidential development within two hundred (200) feet of an existing or programmed state or county bikeway. The minimum layout for a bicycle parking area shall be a two (2) foot wide by six (6) foot long stall with a minimum aisle

width of five (5) feet. The bicycle parking area shall be located within fifty (50) feet of a public entrance to the principal structure and shall not interfere with pedestrian or vehicular traffic.

#### Sec. 9.5-353. Parking agreements.

- (a) *Purpose*: The purpose of parking agreements is to ensure the continued availability of off-site parking facilities for the use(s) they are intended to serve.
- (b) Requirements: All off-site parking facilities shall require a parking agreement.
- (c) Form and Approvals: The parking agreement shall be drawn to the satisfaction of the county attorney and planning director and executed by all parties, including the county. The agreement shall provide the county with the right of enforcement.

(Ord. No. 042-2003, § 1)

## Sec. 9.5-354. Required number and size of off-street loading spaces.

(a) Number and Size of Required Spaces: Loading spaces shall be provided as follows:

		Minimum Required Number of Loading and Unloading spaces	
Specific Use Category	G.F.A. (Sq. Ft.)	11'× 35'	11'× 55
All non-residential uses	0-2,499	1	Q
	<u>2,500—19,999</u>	Q	1
	<u>20,000—49,000</u>	<u>0</u>	1
	50,000—and over	<u>Q</u>	2
(1) Office uses	0-29,999	0	1
	30,000 99,999	0	4
	100,000 and over	4	4
(2)Commercial (excluding eating and drinking est.)	0-9,899	0	θ
	10,000 29,999	0	1
	30,000-79,999-	0	2

	80,000 and over-	4	2
(3)Commercial eating and drinking establishments	0-4,999	0	0
	5,000-18,899	0	4
	20,000 38,999	0	2
	40,000 and over	4	2
(A) Listala and matric	0_49,999	0	θ
(4) Hotels and motels		0	4
	50,000 99,999		
	100,000 189,899	0	2
	200,000 and over	4	2
(5) Industrial	0-4,999	θ	θ
	5,000 29,999	0	4
	30,000 49,998	0	2
	50,000 and over	4	2

- (b) Location of Required Loading and Unloading Spaces: Loading spaces shall be located entirely on the same lot as the principal use they serve. These spaces shall not be located on any public right-of-way, or on any parking spaces or parking aisle. The spaces shall be accessible and adjacent or as close to the building served as possible. (Ord. No. 042-2003, § 1)
- (c) Reduction in Loading and Unloading Space Requirements: The planning director is authorized, to grant a reduction in the number and dimensional requirements of this division for loading spaces, based on the submittal by an applicant of a parking demand study for loading spaces approved by the planning director, signed by a qualified traffic engineer and reviewed by the county traffic consultant.

### Sec. 9.5-355. Restriction on use of parking and loading spaces.

The use of off-street parking, loading spaces or aisles for outdoor retail sales, outside storage, storage area, The display or storage of merchandise, materials or motor vehicles and/or repair of motor vehicles or any kind of equipment is prohibited in all off street parking and loading spaces and aisles except as allowed through the issuance of a public assembly permit issued by Monroe County for a specific period of time.

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**PASSED AND ADOPTED** By the Planning Commission of Monroe County, Florida at a regular meeting held on the 28<sup>th</sup> day of September 2005.

Chair Lynn Map	es	<u>YES</u>
Vice Chair Denis	se Werling	<u>YES</u>
Commissioner Ji	ulio Margalli	YES
Commissioner Ja	ames Cameron	YES
Commissioner R	andy Wall	<u>YES</u>
PLANNING COM	MISSION OF MONROE C	COUNTY, FLORIDA
By		
*	n Mapes, Chair	
Signed this	_ day of	, 2005.

# DEVELOPMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE RESOLUTION # D17-05



#### **DEVELOPMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE RESOLUTION D17-05**

A RESOLUTION BYTHE MONROE COUNTY DEVELOPMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE RECOMMENDING APPROVAL TO THE MONROE COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION OF THE REQUEST BYTHE DEPARTMENT OF **PLANNING** AND ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES TO AMEND SECTIONS 9.5-4, 9.5-122, 9.5-235, 9.5-352, 9.5-354 AND 9.5-355, MONROE CODE: COUNTY TO **PROVIDE** FOR ADDITIONAL DETAIL OR COMPREHENSIVENESS WITH REGARD TO PARKING REQUIREMENTS.

WHEREAS, the Monroe County Department of Planning and Environmental Resources has identified a need to amend the Monroe County Code parking standards, to correct previous drafting errors, clarify parking requirements, cover issues previously not addressed, and to amend parking provisions to provide for increased flexibility in administration to recognize unique situations where parking provisions may not be appropriate; and

**WHEREAS**, Section 9.5-511 delineates the mechanism to amend the Monroe County Code via a "text amendment"; and

WHEREAS, the Monroe County Development Review Committee, during a regular meeting held on September 6, 2005 conducted a review and consideration of a request by the Monroe County Department of Planning and Environmental Resources to amend the Monroe County Code Sections 9.5-4, 9.5-122, 9.5-235, 9.5-352, 9.5-354 and 9.5-355; and

WHEREAS, the Development Review Committee reviewed the following information.

1. The staff report prepared by David A. Dacquisto, Director, Island Planning Team dated September 1, 2005; and

WHEREAS, the Development Review Committee made the following Findings of Fact:

- Staff finds that there is an identified need to make the amendment to correct previous drafting errors, clarify parking requirements, cover issues previously not addressed, and to amend parking provisions to provide for increased flexibility in administration to recognize unique situations where parking provisions may not be appropriate; and
- 2. The proposed revisions will correct previous drafting errors, clarify parking requirements, cover issues previously not addressed, and to amend parking provisions to provide for increased flexibility in administration to recognize unique situations where parking provisions may not be appropriate; and

WHEREAS, the Development Review Committee made the following Conclusions of Law:

- 1. Staff finds that the proposed change is consistent with Section 9.5-511 (d) (5) (IV) New Issues and (v) Recognition of a need for additional detail or comprehensiveness; and
- 2. Staff finds that the proposed changes are consistent with the Monroe County 2010 Comprehensive Plan.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE DEVELOPMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE OF MONROE COUNTY, that the preceding Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law support their decision to recommend APPROVAL to the Monroe County Planning Commission of the proposed text amendment to the Monroe County Code as follows:

(The old language that has been deleted is shown struck through. The new language that has been added is shown <u>underlined.</u>)

### Amendment to Sec. 9.5-4. Definitions.

- (C-13.1) Commercial recreation (indoors) means a use designed and equipped for the conduct of sports and leisure-time activities operated as a business and providing completely enclosed recreation activities. Included in this definition are bowling, indoor tennis and racquetball courts, indoor miniature golf, indoor driving ranges, theatres, health clubs and swimming pools.
- (C-13.2) Commercial recreation (outdoors) means a use designed and equipped for the conduct of sports and leisure-time activities wholly within uncovered or unenclosed areas. Included in this definition are tennis courts, miniature golf, driving ranges, golf courses and swimming pools.
  - (C-14) Commercial retail use means a use that sells goods or services at retail.
    - (a) Commercial retail uses which are subdivided into the following three (3) classifications:

- (1)(a) Commercial retail low-intensity means commercial retail uses that generate less than fifty (50) average daily trips per one thousand (1,000) square feet of floor area.
- (2)(b) Commercial retail medium-intensity means retail uses that generate between fifty (50) and one hundred (100) average daily trips per one thousand (1,000) square feet of floor area.
- (3)(e) Commercial retail high-intensity means retail uses that generate above one hundred (100) average daily trips per one thousand (1,000) square feet of floor area.
- (C23.1) Contractor's equipment storage yard means a use that is used to park or store construction vehicles or equipment used by a building or construction trades contractor provided further that all vehicle and equipment repair or maintenance is conducted in an enclosed building or structure. A contractor's equipment storage yard is considered a light industrial use. See definition L-5.
- (D-15.1) Double frontage means a lot having frontage on two or more non intersecting streets, sometimes called a through lot.
- (F-13.1) Frontage means that part of a lot abutting on a street.
- (L-9.1) Lot lines, front means in the case of a lot abutting only one (1) street, the street right-of-way line separating such lot from such street; in the case of a double frontage lot or corner lot, each street right-of-way line separating such lot from a street shall be considered to be the front lot line.
- (L-9.2) Lot lines, rear means a lot line which is most nearly parallel to and most distant from the front lot line of the lot. In the case of a lot where the side lot lines intersect there shall be no rear lot line and in the case of lots that have frontage on more than one (1) road or street, non-frontage lot lines shall be considered side yards.
- (L-9.3) Lot lines, side means a lot line that is neither a front or rear lot line running perpendicular or radial from the front lot line and corresponding street right-of-way.
- (M-14.1) Mini-warehouses means a light industrial use of land for a self-storage center that is a building or group of buildings divided into separate compartments for use by individuals or businesses and used for storage only.
- (O-7.1) Outdoor retail sales means a commercial use (see definition C-14) that predominantly involves the display and sale of vehicles, recreational vehicles, boats, campers, equipment, goods, materials and services outside of a building.
- (S-11.1) Storage area means the outside storage of vehicles, recreational vehicles, boats, campers, equipment, goods and materials for more than twenty-four (24) hours, it does include contractor's equipment storage yards and does not contain outdoor

retail sales. This is considered a light industrial use and does not include waste transfer stations, junkyards, or other heavy industrial uses.

- (Y-1) Yard means an open space at grade that is the minimum required setback between a principal building and the adjoining lot lines unoccupied and unobstructed from the ground upward, except as may be specifically permitted. In measuring a setback to determine the required depth of the front, rear, and side yards, the minimum horizontal distance between the lot lines and the furthest most projection of the principal building shall be used.
- (Y-2) Yard, front means a required open space on a lot that extends across the front of a lot and is generally adjacent the public right-of-way, the depth of which is measured perpendicularly to the front lot line. On corner lots or through lots, each yard frontage on a street shall be a front yard.
- (Y-3) Yard, rear means a required open space on a lot that extends along the full length of the rear lot line, the depth of which is measured perpendicularly to the rear lot line.
- (Y-4) Yard, side means a required open space on a lot that extends along the full length of the side lot line between the required front yard and required rear yard, the depth of which is measured perpendicularly to the side lot line. In the case of through lots, side yards shall extend from the rear lines of the required front yards. In the case of corner lots, yards remaining after front yards have been established on both frontages shall be considered side yards.

# Amendment to Sec. 9.5-122.3. Evaluation criteria.

Sec. 9.5-122.3(b) Definitions

Storage area means the outside storage of <u>vehicles</u>, recreational <u>vehicles</u>, boats, campers, equipment, <u>goods</u> and materials for more than twenty-four (24) hours, it does include contractor's equipment storage and does not contain outdoor retail sales. This is considered a light industrial use and does not include waste transfer stations, junkyards <u>vards</u> or other heavy industrial uses.

# Delete Sec. 9.5-235. Suburban Commercial District (SC).

Sec. 9.5-235 (a)

(8) Storage areas, provided that the area does not exceed twenty five (25) percent of the gross area of the parcel proposed for development, is closed to the public, the storage area is screened from adjacent use by a solid fence, wall or hedge at least six (6) feet in height; if such areas exceed twenty five (25) percent, than approval must be obtained pursuant to subsection (b) (8).

# DIVISION 9. PARKING AND LOADING STANDARDS\*

#### Sec. 9.5-351. Purpose and intent.

The purpose and intent of this division is to provide adequate off-street parking and loading areas to serve the majority of traffic generated by development. The provision of parking and loading areas is to: avoid undue congestion on the streets; protect the capacity of the road system to move traffic; minimize unnecessary conflicts between vehicles, pedestrians, and bicyclists; facilitate the use of transportation management systems; and avoid noise, glare, lights, and visual impacts of parking and loading operations on adjacent properties.

## Sec. 9.5-352. Required off-street parking.

- (a) Generally: Every use shall be provided with off-street parking in accordance with the standards contained in this division. Every parking space, both required and unrequired, shall meet the minimum standards of this division.
- (b) <u>Design and Dimensional Requirements of Parking Spaces and Aisles: Each parking space shall have direct and unrestricted access to an aisle.</u> Except as expressly stated herein, each parking aisle and parking space shall meet the following minimum standards:

Parking Space and Aisle Width Minimum Dimensional Requirements

Parking Pattern in Degrees	One-Way Aisle Width feet	Two-Way Aisle Width feet	Parking Space Width feet	Parking Space Length feet
0 (Parallel)	12	24	8.5	25
30 or 45	15	24	8.5	18
60	18	24	8.5	18
75	22	24	8.5	18
90	24	24	8.5	18

(c) Required Number of Off-Street Parking Spaces: The following is the number of parking spaces to be provided for each use:

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1	Specific Use Category	viinimuin	Keguneu	Number	CIL	I diking Spaces	-	TITLE COLUMN		
1	DP++								***************************************	and a department

	Measure
Single Family dwelling units, including mobile homes on individual lots	2.0 spaces per dwelling unit or mobile home
Multi-family dwelling units	1.5 spaces per dwelling unit
Mobile home parks	1.0 space per pad
Commercial retail except as otherwise specified below	3.5 3.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of gross non-residential floor area (nrfa) of building and 1.75 1.5 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of non-residential floor area devoted to land activity area (laa) for outdoor sales and display outdoor retail sales and display area.
Eating and drinking establishments	14.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of gfa non-residential floor area and 7.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of laa unenclosed non-residential floor area devoted to dining and/or bar area
Convenience stores	4.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft of gfa (nrfa)
Commercial recreation (indoor)	5.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of gfa (nrfa)
Commercial recreation (outdoor)	5.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of laa of the parcel that is devoted to the outdoor recreational activity, excluding areas used for parking and driveways, required yards and required landscaping and buffer areas.
Theaters, conference, or activity centers	0.3 spaces per seat or 1.0 space per 3.0 actual seats or based on seating capacity
Offices	3.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of gfa (nrfa)
Medical and dental clinics	4.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of gfa (nrfa)
RV parks	1.0 space per pad
Hotels/destination resorts	1.0 space per room <u>bedroom</u>
Mini-warehouses, persona storage facilities /self storage center	i " "
Industrial uses: excluding repairand or servicing of vehicles	2.0 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of gfa (nrfa)
Industrial uses: repair and o	3.0 spaces per service/repair bay or 3.0 spaces per 1000 sq. ft. of efa, (nrfa) whichever is greater, the service/repair bays shall not be counted as parking

	spaces
Warehousing	1.0 space per 1,000 sq. ft. (nrfa)
Hospitals	1.8 spaces per bed
Churches	0.3 space per seat and/or 0.3 space per 24 inches for pews
Live-aboard	1.5 spaces per berth
Marinas and commercial fishing facilities	1.0 space per berth plus one space per four (4) dry storage racks
Charter/guide boats, less than six (6) or fewer passengers capacity	2.0 spaces per berth
Party and charter/guide boats, more than five (5) six (6) passengers capacity	0.3 space per passenger capacity of vessel
Boat ramps	6.0 spaces per ramp; all spaces shall be a minimum of 14 feet by 55 feet, to accommodate trailers and oversized vehicles.

- (d) Category of Specific Use for Determination of the Number of Spaces: If a specific use does not fall within one of the above categories in subsection (c), or the general category does not accurately identify the parking need for a specific use, then the parking space requirements shall be based on the most current edition of the Institute of Transportation Engineer's Parking Generation Manual, or other appropriate documentation authorized by the planning director.
- (e) Calculation of Number of Parking Spaces: In calculating the number of parking spaces required under this division, the following special provisions apply:
  - (1) When units or measurements determining the number of required parking spaces result in the requirement of a fractional space, any fraction up to and including one-half (1/2) shall be disregarded and fractions over one-half (1/2) shall require one parking space.
  - (2) In determining the amount of land activity area devoted to for outdoor uses, areas used for parking and driveways required yards and required landscaping and buffer areas, shall not be counted.
  - (3) When two (2) or more separate uses are on a site, the required parking for the site is the sum of the total required parking for each of the individual uses, except if the shared parking calculation option is used, as provided for in subsection (i).

- (4) The planning director may grant a reduction of up to twenty-five (25) percent in the number of required parking spaces for non-residential uses, located within a gated community, provided an equivalent number of parking spaces are provided and designed to accommodate golf carts, a "neighborhood electric vehicle," or similar four (4) wheeled vehicles. The planning director may increase this percentage based on a parking demand study provided by the applicant and approved by the planning director.
- (5) The planning director may, in a specific area identified within a Community Master Plan, grant a reduction of up to twenty (20) percent in the number of required parking spaces for non-residential uses provided an equivalent number of parking spaces are reduced in size and redesigned to accommodate scooters and other similar modes of transportation.
- (f) Handicapped Parking Requirements: The number and design of handicapped parking spaces shall be in accordance with the provisions of chapter 6, which incorporates by reference the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction.
- (g) Location of Required Parking: Required off-street parking spaces for single-family and multi-family residential uses shall be located on the premises they are intended to serve. Required off-street parking spaces for all other uses shall be located on the same lot as the principal use they are intended to serve or upon another lot in accordance the provisions of subsection (h).
- (h) The following requirements shall apply to off-site parking facilities:
  - (1) The location of any off-site parking lot shall be within three hundred (300) feet walking distance, as measured by the shortest route of effective pedestrian access, of a public entrance to the structure of land area containing the use for which the spaces are required;
  - (2) A parking agreement shall be required in accordance with section 9.5-353; and,
  - (3) Any off-site parking area located within a different land use district than the principal use it is intended to serve shall meet the following provisions in addition to requirements (1) and (2) above:
    - a. The off-site parking area and the use(s) it is intended to serve shall be aggregated for purposes of development review and shall be approved only as a minor or major conditional use.
    - b. The principal use intended to be served by the off-site parking area shall be a permitted principal use within the land use district in which the off-site parking area is located.

- (i) Shared Parking Option Requirements:
  - (1) Purpose: The purpose of the shared parking option is to permit a reduction in the total number of parking spaces which would otherwise be required in instances where two or more uses on the same lot or separate lots are to share the same parking spaces because their peak parking demands do not occur at the same time. Shared parking is an option to the method for calculation of required parking as provided for in subsection (e) (3).
  - (2) Condition on Development Approval: If the shared parking option is used to calculate the amount of required parking spaces, the approved development permit shall have a condition that any change in the occupancy or use of any of the principal uses intended to be served by the shared parking shall require development approval by the planning director to ensure sufficient parking is available.
  - (3) Computation of shared parking requirements: Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (e)(4) for individual land uses, when any land or building is used for two (2) or more distinguishable purposes as listed below, the shared parking option may be used to determined the minimum amount of parking required. Under the shared parking option, the minimum total number of required parking spaces for said land or building shall be determined by the following procedure:
    - a. Multiply the minimum parking requirement for each individual use as set forth in subsection (c) by the appropriate percentage as set forth in the table below for each of the five designated time periods.
    - b. Add the resulting sums for each of the five (5) vertical columns in the table.
    - c. The minimum parking requirement is the highest sum among the five (5) columns resulting from the calculation in subsection (b) above. <u>Time</u> periods not covered in the table below may be ignored for the purposes of calculating shared parking.
  - (4) The planning director may reduce the required parking requirements based on a parking demand study approved by the planning director. The methodology for conducting the study shall be submitted for review and approval by the county and shall include, but not be limited to the week and day the study will be conducted, the number of days and duration of the study, and the time intervals and locations for data collection. The study shall be reviewed by the county traffic consultant to determine whether the parking study supports the basis for the parking reduction request.

	NIGHTTIME WEEKDAY		WEEKEND		
	Midnight6:00 a.m.	Day 9:00 a.m 4:00 p.m.	Evening 6:00 p.m Midnight	Day 9:00 a.m 4:00 p.m.	Evening 6:00 p.m.– Midnight
Specific Use Categories					
Marinas	5%	70%	10%	100%	20%
Residential	100%	60%	90%	80%	90%
Office/Industrial	5%	100%	10%	10%	5%
Churches	5%	25%	50%	100%	50%
Commercial Retail	5%	60%	90%	100%	70%
Drinking and Eating/Entertainment/Recreation (Theaters, bowling alleys, meeting halls)	1	40%	100%	80%	100%
Hotel	75%	75%	100%	75%	100%
All Others	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

- (j) Wheel Stop Requirements: All impervious surface parking spaces shall be clearly marked by striping or other markings acceptable to the planning director. All pervious and impervious surface parking spaces shall have a wheel stop, bumper blocks or similar barriers to designate each parking space.
- (k) Bicycle Spaces: A bicycle rack for parking bicycles shall be provided by all nonresidential development within two hundred (200) feet of an existing or programmed state or county bikeway. The minimum layout for a bicycle parking area shall be a two (2) foot wide by six (6) foot long stall with a minimum aisle width of five (5) feet. The bicycle parking area shall be located within fifty (50) feet of a public entrance to the principal structure and shall not interfere with pedestrian or vehicular traffic.

## Sec. 9.5-353. Parking agreements.

(a) Purpose: The purpose of parking agreements is to ensure the continued availability of off-site parking facilities for the use(s) they are intended to serve.

- (b) Requirements: All off-site parking facilities shall require a parking agreement.
- (c) Form and Approvals: The parking agreement shall be drawn to the satisfaction of the county attorney and planning director and executed by all parties, including the county. The agreement shall provide the county with the right of enforcement.

(Ord. No. 042-2003, § 1)

# Sec. 9.5-354. Required number and size of off-street loading spaces.

(a) Number and Size of Required Spaces: Loading spaces shall be provided as follows:

		Minimum Required Nur Unloading spaces	mber of Loading and
Specific Use Category	G.F.A. (Sq. Ft.)	11'× 35'	11'× 55
All non-residential uses	0-2,499	1	Q
	2.50019.999	Ω	1
	20,000— 49,000	0	1
	50,000—and over	<u>0</u>	2
(1) Office uses	0 29,999	0	1
	30,000 99,999	0	1
	100,000 and	1	1
(2)Commercial (excluding eating and drinking est.)	0-9,999	0	0
	10,000 29,999	0	1
	30,000 79,999 -	θ	2
	80,000 and	1	2

(3)Commercial eating and drinking establishments	0-4,999	0	0
	5,000 19,999	0	1
	20,000 39,999	0	2
	40,000 and	1	<b>3</b>
(4) Hotels and motels	0-49,999	θ	9
	50,000 99,999	0	1
	100,000— 199,999	0	2
	200,000 and	1	2
(5) Industrial	0 4,999	0	9
	5,000 29,999	0	1
	30,000 49,999	θ	2
	50,000 and	1	2

- (b) Location of Required Loading and Unloading Spaces: Loading spaces shall be located entirely on the same lot as the principal use they serve. These spaces shall not be located on any public right-of-way, or on any parking spaces or parking aisle. The spaces shall be accessible and adjacent or as close to the building served as possible. (Ord. No. 042-2003, § 1)
- (c) Reduction in Loading and Unloading Space Requirements: The planning director is authorized, to grant a reduction in the number and dimensional requirements of this division for loading spaces, based on the submittal by an applicant of a parking demand study for loading spaces approved by the planning director, signed by a qualified traffic engineer and reviewed by the county traffic consultant.

#### Sec. 9.5-355. Restriction on use of parking and loading spaces.

The use of off-street parking, loading spaces or aisles for outdoor retail sales, outside storage, storage area, The display or storage of merchandise, materials or motor vehicles

and/or repair of motor vehicles or any kind of equipment is prohibited in all off street parking and loading spaces and aisles.

**PASSED AND ADOPTED** by the Development Review Committee of Monroe County, Florida at a regular meeting held on the 6<sup>th</sup> day of September 2005.

Aref Joulani, St. Administrator, Development Review and Design	<u>Yes</u>
David A. Dacquisto, Director, Upper Keys Island Planning Team	$\underline{\text{Yes}}$
Elizabeth LaFleur, Director, Lower Keys Island Planning Team	$\underline{\text{Yes}}$
Clarence Feagin, Planner	$\underline{Yes}$
Ralph Gouldy, Senior Administrator	<u>Yes</u>
Department of Health (by fax)	<u>Yes</u>
Department of Public Works (by fax)	$\underline{\text{Yes}}$
Department of Engineering (by fax)	<u>Yes</u>

DEVELOPMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE

BY

Aref Joulani, DRC Chair

Signed this 13th day of Septembe